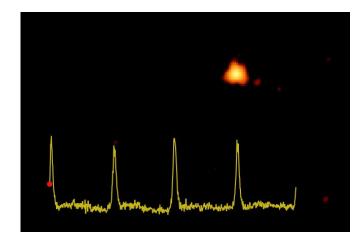
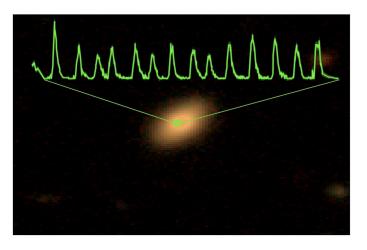
Quasi-Periodic (X-ray) Eruptions from Galactic Nuclei





Muryel Guolo

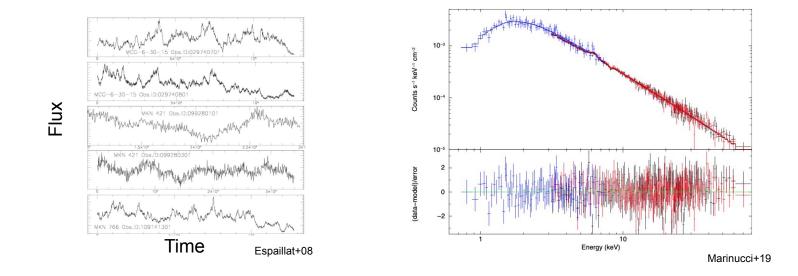
Johns Hopkins University

Dheeraj R. Pasham, Michal Zajacek, Eric Coughlin, Suvi Gezari, et al.

Nuclear Activity: **AGN** or TDEs

Typical Active Galactic Nucleus (AGN) in the X-ray band:

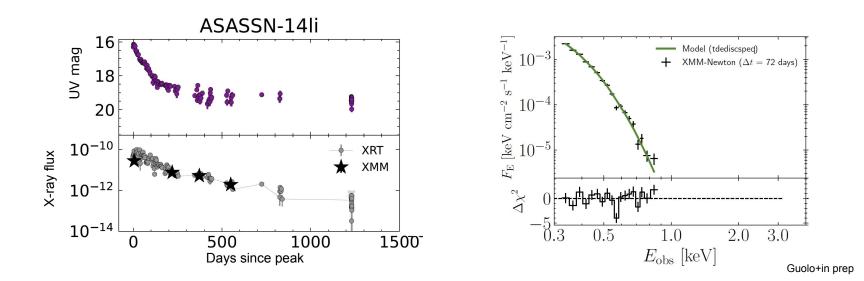
- 30-50% fractional variability; "aperiodic", "random", "stochastic"
- Power-law X-ray spectrum extending to hard X-rays



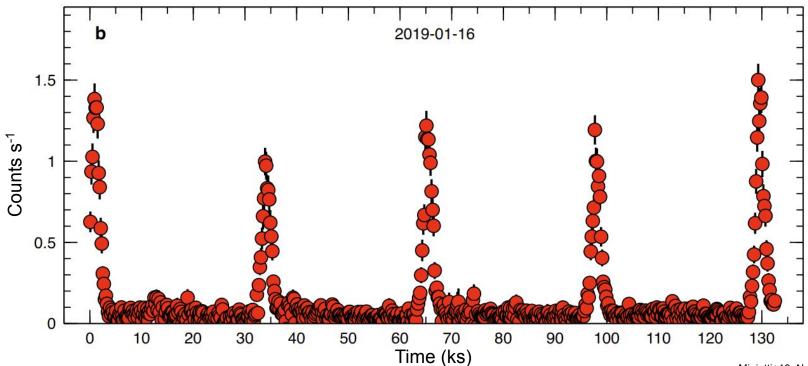
Nuclear Activity: AGN or **TDEs**

Typical Tidal Disruption Event (TDE) in the X-ray band:

- Few years-long flare from a previously quiescent galaxy ($F_x \propto t^{-a}$), usually UV bright.
- Soft Thermal X-ray spectrum (T ~ 50-200 eV)



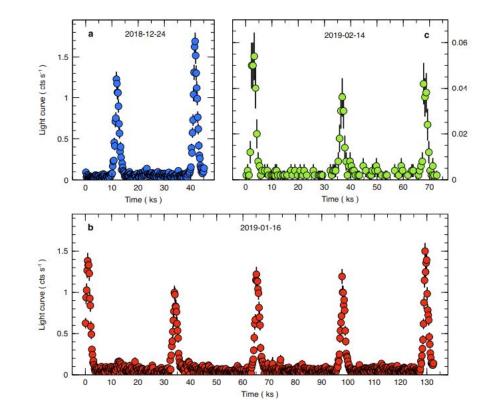
2019: X-ray Quasi-Periodic Eruptions (QPEs) discovered in GSN 069



Miniutti+19, Nature.

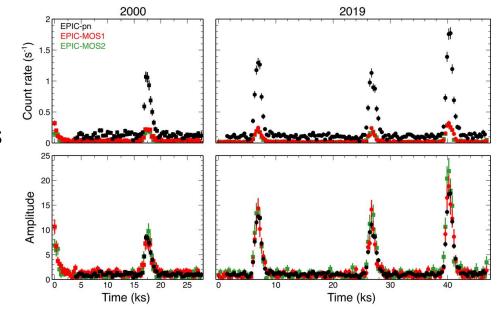
Nuclear Activity: AGN or TDEs or **QPEs**

- 4 systems:
 - GSN 069 (Miniutti+19)
 - RX J1301 (Giustini+20)
 - eRO-QPE1 (Arcodia+21)
 - eRO-QPE2 (Arcodia+21)
- Recurrence times 2-20 hours
- Flare durations 0.5-8 hours
- Peak $L_x = 10^{42} 10^{43} \text{ erg/s}$
- Amplitude 10-200
- No UV/optical counterpart
- $M_{BH} = 10^5 10^{6.6} M_{\odot}$



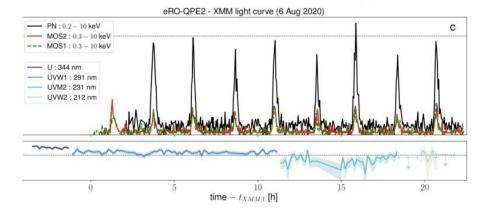
Nuclear Activity: AGN or TDEs or **QPEs**

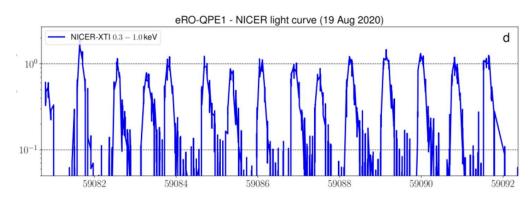
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- No UV/optical counterpart
- Мвн= 10⁵-10^{6.6} *М*_☉



Nuclear Activity: AGN or TDEs or **QPEs**

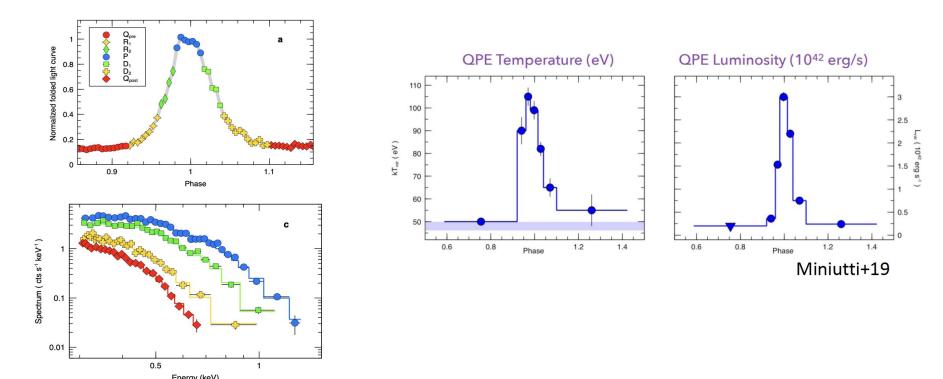
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QPEs Spectra

• Blackbody or multi-temperature disk (*diskbb* on Xspec), T~50-200 eV

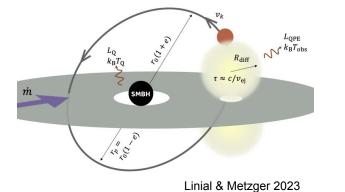


Models for QPE sources

- Self lensing black hole binary
 Disk instabilities
- Orbiting bodies?
 - EM counterparts of extreme mass ratio inspirals (EMRIs)

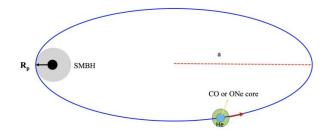
Star-disk (or ADAF) collisions/interactions

(Xian et al. 2021, Sukova et al. 2021, Linial & Metzger 2023)

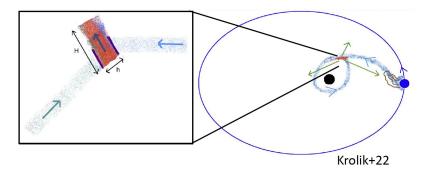


Repeating partial TDE of compact object or main-sequence companion(s)

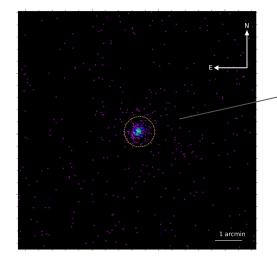
(King 2020, 2022; Zhao et al. 2021; Metzger & Stone 2022)



Shock-powered flares from a main-sequence companion (Lu & Quataert 2022; Linial& Sari 2022; Krolik & Linial 2022)

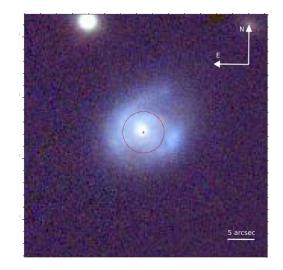


Crazy Swift Source



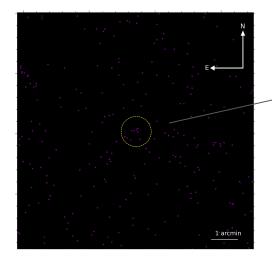
- Serendipitously discovered by Swift/XRT
- 35x brighter than previous upper limit
- Soft X-ray spectra all counts below 1 keV
- X-ray TDE candidate
- However....

Fx ~ 1 x
$$10^{-12}$$
 cgs
Lx ~ 5 x 10^{42} cgs



Host: spiral galaxy at 165 Mpc (z ~ 0.036)

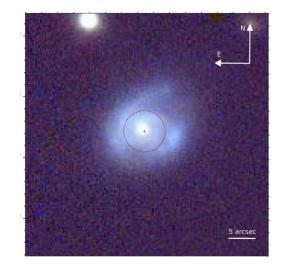
Crazy Swift Source



- Serendipitously discovered by Swift/XRT
- 35x brighter than previous upper limit
- Soft X-ray spectra all counts below 1 keV
- X-ray TDE candidate
- However.... GONE TWO WEEKS LATER!

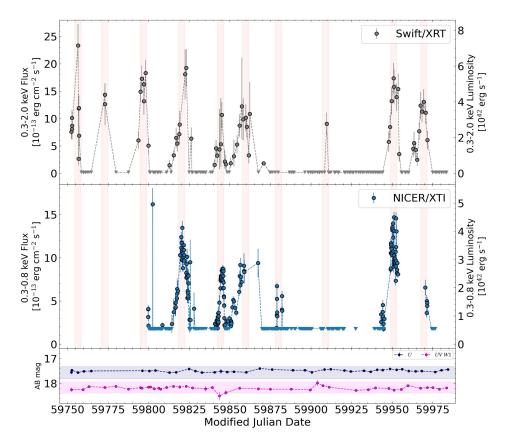
$$Fx < 2 \times 10^{-14} cgs$$

 $Lx < 1 \times 10^{41} cgs$

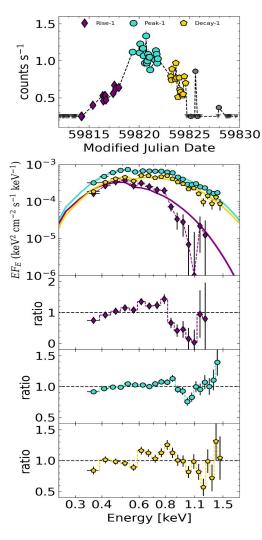


Host: spiral galaxy at 165 Mpc ($z \sim 0.036$)

Crazy Swift Source



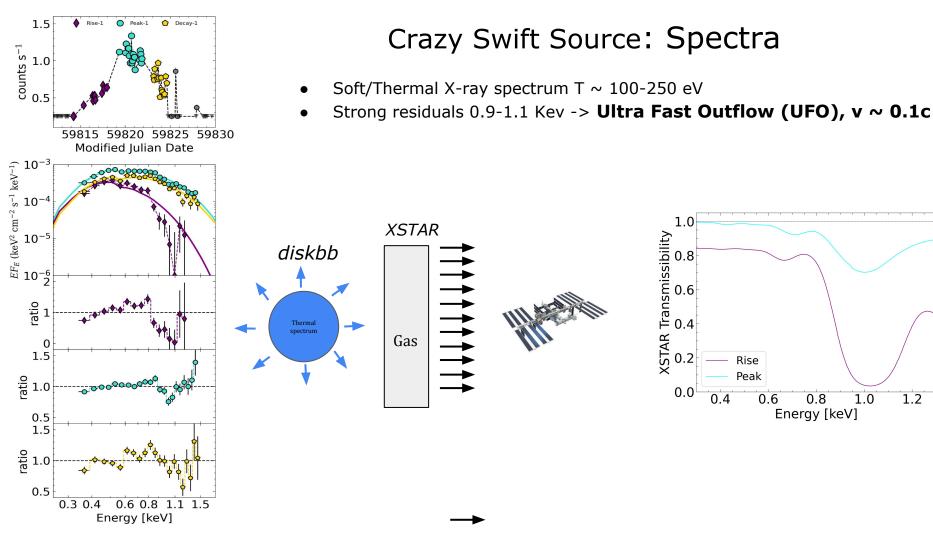
- Few days long X-ray eruptions each ~20 days, but gaps...
- No detections during quiescent $Fx < 2 \times 10^{-14} cgs$
- Amplitude > 100
- No UV optical Counterpart
- No clear AGN in the host galaxy (from X-ray, Radio, optical nor IR), but BPT/WHAN indicates a low-luminosity AGN.
- log Мвн= 6.6 +/- 0.4 *М*⊙



Crazy Swift Source: Spectra

- Soft/Thermal X-ray spectrum T ~ 100-250 eV
- Strong residuals 0.9-1.1 Kev

•



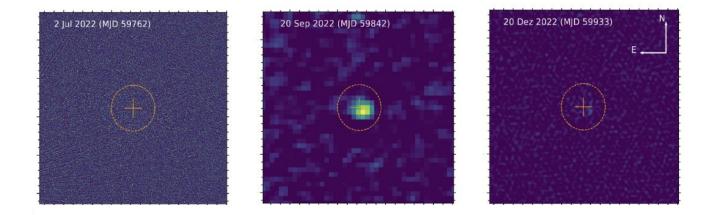
1.2

1.5 O Peak-1 O Decay-1 1.5 O Peak-2 O Decay-2 Peak-3 • Rise-1 Rise-2 1.5 Rise-3 counts s⁻¹ 0.2 counts s⁻¹ 0.1 counts s⁻¹ 0.2 1.0 59815 59820 59825 59830 59842 59845 59848 59860 59870 59850 Modified Julian Date Modified Julian Date Modified Julian Date keV⁻¹) keV^{-1} 10 s⁻¹ keV⁻¹) ¹-4 % ~ 10^{−4} Ω 10 cm^{-2} cm^{-2} EF_E (keV² cm⁻² EH_E^{-5} (keV² c 2-01 eV_E^{-5} $^{2}E_{F_{E}}^{E}$ (keV² c 10^{-5} 10 atio atio atio 1.5 1.5 1.5 ratio 1.0 I 1.0 0.5 0.5 0.5 1.5 1.5 0.6 0.8 1.1 1.5 0.3 0.4 Energy [keV] ratio 1.0 Tatio 0.5 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.1 1.5 0.3 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.1 1.5 Energy [keV] Energy [keV]

Outflow X-rays

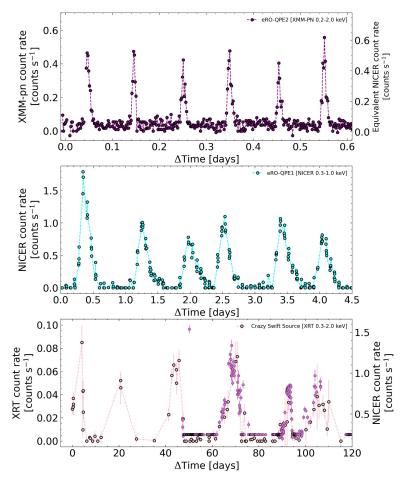
- Soft/Thermal X-ray spectrum T ~ 100-250 eV
- Ultra Fast Outflow (UFO) v ~ 0.1c during the rise of the eruptions

Outflow: Radio



Transient radio (VLA) detection during one of the X-ray eruptions

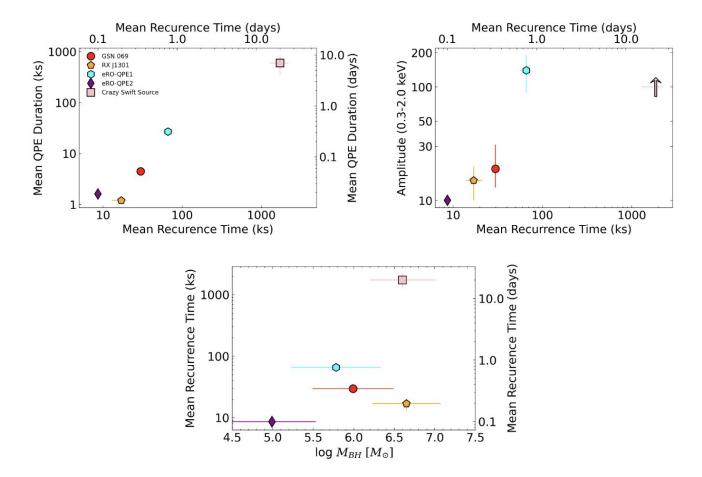
Crazy Swift Source: as a super-long QPE



All characteristics of a QPE source, however...

 Recurrence time 25x longer than longest known QPE (eRO-QPE1 ~ 20 hours)

Crazy Swift Source: as a super-long QPE



Conclusions

- We discovered a new QPE candidate, the fifth and with longest recurrence time.
- It opens an unexplored time-scale for QPEs and nuclear transient
- First QPE with evidence for outflows.
- Theoretical understanding of QPEs is still incomplete, many possible scenarios, but should be scalable from 3 hours to 20 days.