



# Transient Classifiers for Fink: glimpses from the ELAsTiCC Data Challenge

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## **Summary**

- **About Fink Broker**
- **ELASTICC:** Successor of PLASTICC
- Fink Classifiers
  - **CATS Broad Classifier**

  - SuperNNova Early Supernova la AGN

  - SLSN
- **Future Work**





#### Fink Broker

 Fink is a Community driven project that processes time-domain alerts streams and connect them with follow-up facilities and science teams

Since 2020, Fink Broker process alerts stream from the Zwicky Transient Facility.

 Fink Broker was selected as a community broker to process the full stream of transient alerts from Vera Rubin Observatory / LSST

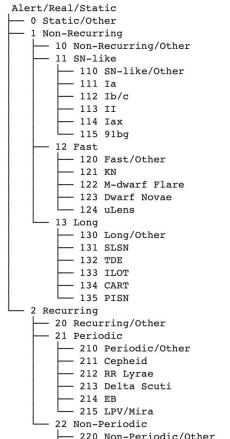
Computing is centralized but classifier development is done by different groups





#### **ELAsTiCC**

- ELAsTiCC: The successor of PLAsTiCC (Photometric LSST Astronomical Time-series Classification Challenge)
- Extended LSST Astronomical Time-series Classification
  Challenge
- ELAsTiCC aims to mimic alert content from Vera Rubin LSST.
- Millions of synthetic light curves:
  - SNANA
  - 6 filters (ugrizY)
  - Rubin depth and cadence
  - Extinction and atmospheric noise
  - Realistic host galaxy associations
  - Several Different models in a tree-based taxonomy

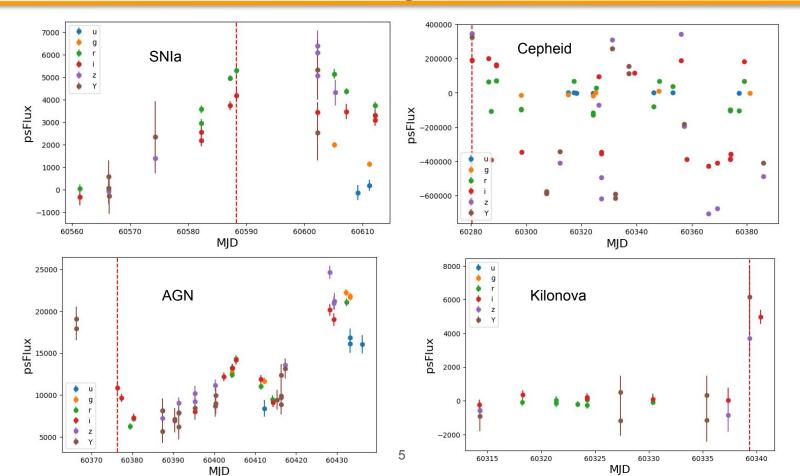


221 AGN





# **Example Light Curves**







## The streamed Sample

- ELASTICC team streamed alerts daily through the ZTF Alert Distribution Server.
  3 years of simulated light curves.
- Truth Table released after 3 years of data were streamed.

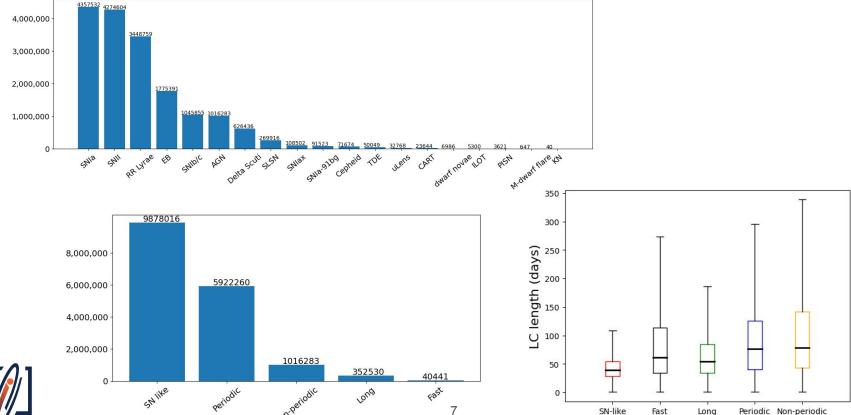
- After the unblinding, we used the first year of streamed alerts as training sample.
  - Enhanced version of the initial training sample





#### Statistics for ELASTICC Year 1

17,233,868 alerts - 1,676,431 unique objects







#### **Fink Classifiers**

CATS (CBPF Alert Transient Search) Broad Classifier

SuperNNova (Anais Möller)

AGN (Etienne Russeil)

• SLSN (Etienne Russeil)

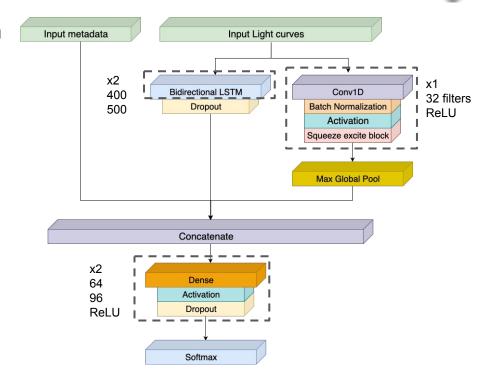
Early SNIa (Marco Leoni, Emille Ishida)



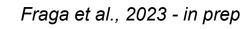


#### **CATS**

- Broad Classifier: Uses 5 superclasses from the taxonomy
- Multivariate LSTM Fully Convolutional Network adapted to two different inputs
- Hyperparameter and architecture optimization
- Light curve: (gap in MJD to the first point, normalized flux, normalized flux error, filter
- Metadata Used:
  - Extinction
  - Host galaxy photoz + error
  - Transient z + error



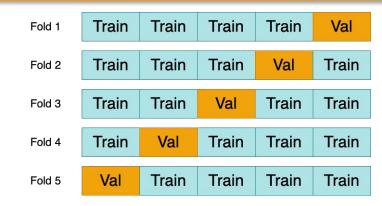


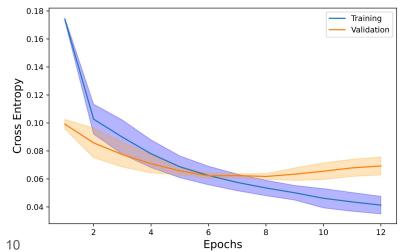




## **CATS** - Training

- 5-fold cross-validation
- 80% of the unique objects
- Split the unique IDs: alerts of a given object are either in training or test
- Alerts + Forced photometry (only LCs with more than 1 point)
- Model with the lowest validation loss chosen as best at each fold

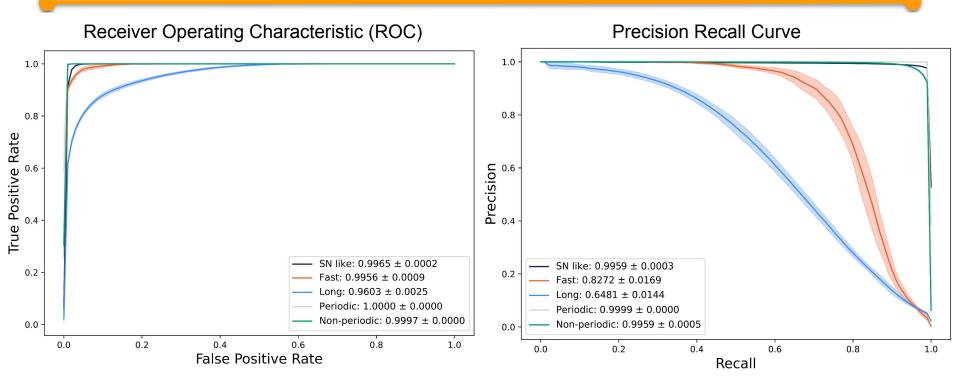








#### **Cross Validation Results - metrics**





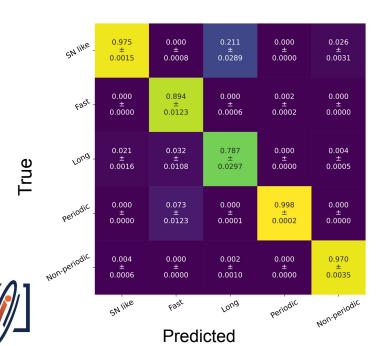


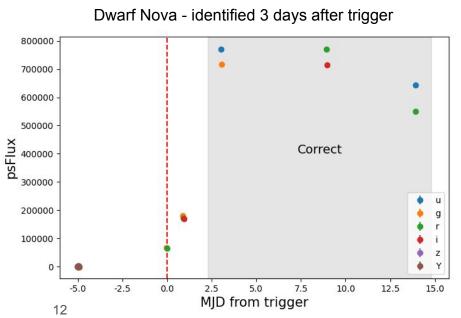
#### **Cross Validation Results - Discussion**

Model performed well on most classes - Purity almost 100%

Fraga et al., 2023 - in prep

- Able to classify fast events only a few days after the trigger
- Greatest source of confusion: Long →SN like
  - Driven by SLSN



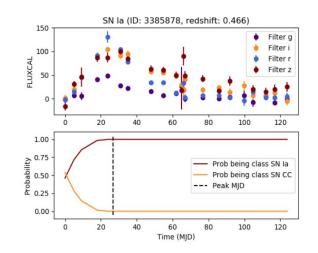




### Others Classifiers in Fink - SuperNNova

- SuperNNova: Different algorithms for light curve classification
  - Recurrent Neural Networks with Long-Short Term Memory
  - Bayesian Neural Networks with MC dropout
  - Bayes back propagation
- Detection + forced photometry used to make light curve data
- Metadata used:
  - Host galaxy redshift
  - Milk way extinction





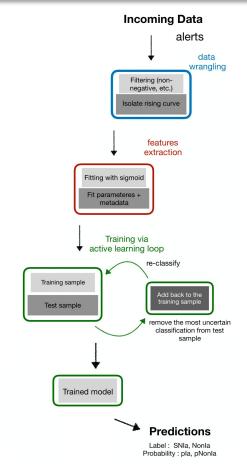




## Others Classifiers in Fink - Early SNIa

- Binary classifier with active learning and Random Forest Search tree algorithm.
- Features used:
  - o ra, dec, host -ra, host dec, (metadata)
  - host z ( + err), mwebv (metadata)
  - Set of parameters a, b, c obtained by fitting resulting rising lightcurve with sigmoid function

$$\sigma = \frac{c}{1 + \exp(-a(\Delta t - b))}$$

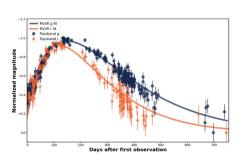




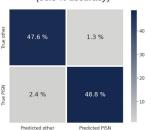


#### Others Classifiers in Fink - AGN + SLSN

- Similar Algorithm for both classes
- Feature extraction of normalized alerts:
  - Function obtained with symbolic regression (per filter)
- Features used:
  - maximum and standard deviation of flux
  - mean SNR
  - R.A, DEC., host galaxy z (+ err), host galaxy dist
- Random Forest algorithm



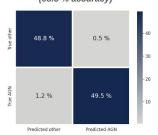
Classification results (96.3 % accuracy)



SLSN:

AGN:

Classification results (98.3 % accuracy)







#### **Future Work**

Y1 result analysis ongoing

Apply CATS (and others) to ELAsTiCC Y2 and Y3

Hierarchical classifier for ELAsTiCC in Fink

Fink ELAsTiCC paper coming soon!!!



